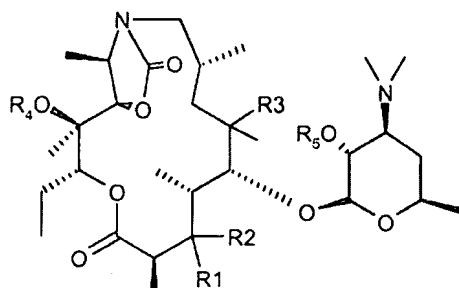


## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

### Claims

1. (Currently amended) ~~Novel 3-decladinosyl derivatives of 9-deoxo-9a-aza-9a-homocerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbonate~~ A compound of the general formula (I),

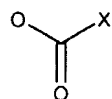


(I)

~~their pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts with inorganic or organic acids and their hydrates,~~

wherein

R<sub>1</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, hydroxyl or a group of the formula (II),



(II)

wherein

X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl group; or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group with at least one incorporated O, S or N atom or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Ar or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-heterocycloalkyl, wherein (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents alkyl, wherein n is 1-10, with or without incorporated atom O, S or N, wherein Ar individually ~~stands for~~ represents 5-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring with 0-3 ~~atom~~ O, S or N atoms, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-3 ~~group groups~~, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, and heterocycloalkyl ~~stands for~~ represents unaromatic, partially or completely saturated 3-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring system, ~~which includes 3-8 membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring, which includes~~ or a 6-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring connected with a unaromatic ring with or without incorporated O, S or N atom, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-4 ~~group, groups~~ which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, -C(O)-, COOH  
or

R<sub>1</sub> together with R<sub>2</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents ketone,

R<sub>2</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen or together with R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents ketone or together with R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ forms an ether bond,

R<sub>3</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl, a group of the formula -OX or together with R<sub>2</sub> ~~stands for~~ forms an ether bond,

R<sub>4</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group, and

R<sub>5</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen or hydroxyl protected group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable addition salt or hydrate thereof.

2. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 1, characterised in that R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are mutually the same and ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, R<sub>3</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl or for group of the formula -OX, wherein X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl group or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl

- group with at least one incorporated O, S or N atom or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents  $(CH_2)_n$ -Ar or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents  $(CH_2)_n$ -heterocycloalkyl, wherein  $(CH_2)_n$  individually ~~stands for~~ represents alkyl, wherein n is 1-10, with or without incorporated atom O, S or N atom, wherein Ar individually ~~stands for~~ represents 5-10-membered monocyclic or ~~bicyclic~~ bicyclic aromatic ring with 0-3 ~~atom~~ O, S or N atoms, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-3 ~~group~~ groups, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, and heterocycloalkyl ~~stands for~~ represents unaromatic, partially or completely saturated 3-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring system, ~~which includes 3-8-membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring, which includes or a~~ 6-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring connected with a unaromatic ring with or without incorporated O, S or N atom, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-4 ~~group~~ groups, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, -C(O)-, COOH and R<sub>4</sub> individually stands for hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group.
3. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 2, characterised in that R<sub>4</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen.
  4. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 2, characterised in that R<sub>4</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents methyl group.
  5. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 2, characterised in that R<sub>4</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents ethyl group.
  6. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 1, characterised in that R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents group of the formula (II), wherein X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl group or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group with at least one incorporated O, S or N atom or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents  $(CH_2)_n$ -Ar or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents  $(CH_2)_n$ -heterocycloalkyl, wherein  $(CH_2)_n$  individually ~~stands for~~ represents alkyl, wherein n is 1-10, with or without incorporated atom O, S or N, wherein Ar individually ~~stands for~~ represents 5-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic aromatic ring with 0-3 atom O, S or N, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-3 group, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, and

heterocycloalkyl ~~stands for~~ represents unaromatic, partially or completely saturated 3-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring system, ~~which includes 3-8 membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring, which includes~~ or a 6-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring connected with a unaromatic ring with or without incorporated O, S or N atom, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-4 group, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl ~~alkyl~~, -C(O)-, COOH, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are mutually the same and ~~stands for~~ represent hydrogen, R<sub>3</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl or ~~for~~ group of the formula -OX and R<sub>4</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group.

7. Cancelled
8. Cancelled
9. Cancelled
10. Cancelled
11. Cancelled
12. Cancelled
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17. Cancelled
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19. Cancelled
20. Cancelled
21. Cancelled
22. Cancelled
23. Cancelled
24. Cancelled
25. Cancelled
26. Cancelled
27. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 1, characterised in that R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are mutually the same and ~~stands for~~ represent hydrogen, R<sub>2</sub> together

with R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ forms an ether bond and R<sub>4</sub> individually stands for hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group.

28. Cancelled

29. Cancelled

30. Cancelled

31. Cancelled

32. Cancelled

33. Cancelled

34. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 1, characterised in that R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl, R<sub>2</sub> together with R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ forms an ether bond, R<sub>5</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen and R<sub>4</sub> individually stands for hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group.

35. Cancelled

36. Cancelled

37. Cancelled

38. Cancelled

39. Cancelled

40. Cancelled

41. (Currently amended) A Compound according to claim 1, characterised in that R<sub>1</sub> together with R<sub>2</sub> stands for keto, R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents group of the formula -OX, R<sub>5</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen and R<sub>4</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group.

42. Cancelled

43. Cancelled

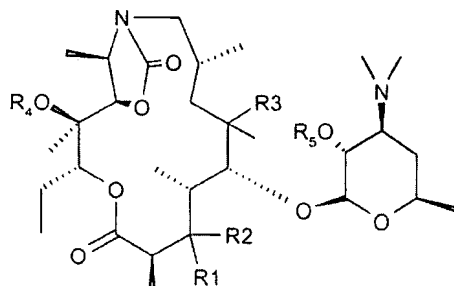
44. Cancelled

45. Cancelled

46. Cancelled

47. Cancelled

48. (Currently amended) A ~~process~~ process for preparation of a compounds of the formula (I),

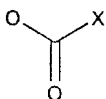


(I)

~~their pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts with inorganic or organic acids and their hydrates,~~

wherein

R<sub>1</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, hydroxyl or a group of the formula (II),



(II)

wherein

X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl group or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group with at least one incorporated O, S or N atom or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Ar or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-heterocycloalkyl, wherein (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents alkyl, wherein n is 1-10, with or without incorporated ~~atom~~ O, S or N atom, wherein Ar individually ~~stands for~~ represents 5-10-membered monocyclic or ~~bicyclic~~ bicyclic aromatic ring with 0-3 ~~atom~~ O, S or N atoms, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-3 ~~group groups~~, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN,

$\text{SO}_2\text{NH}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$ alkyl, and heterocycloalkyl ~~stands for~~ represents unaromatic, partially or completely saturated 3-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring system, ~~which includes 3-8 membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring, which includes~~ or a 6-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring connected with a unaromatic ring with or without incorporated O, S or N atom, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-4 ~~group groups~~, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe,  $\text{NO}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_2$ , amino- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$ alkyl or amino- $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$ dialkyl, CN,  $\text{SO}_2\text{NH}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_3$ ~~alkyl~~ alkyl,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ ,  $\text{COOH}$

or

$\text{R}_1$  together with  $\text{R}_2$  ~~stands for~~ represents ketone,

$\text{R}_2$  individually stands for hydrogen or together with  $\text{R}_1$  ~~stands for~~ represents ketone or together with  $\text{R}_3$  ~~stands for~~ forms an ether bond,

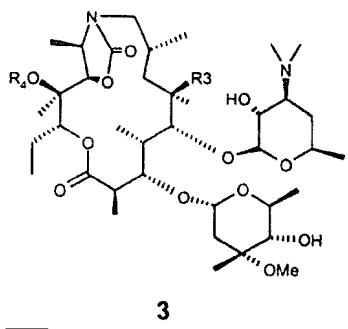
$\text{R}_3$  individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl, a group of the formula  $-\text{OX}$  or together with  $\text{R}_2$  ~~stands for~~ forms an ether bond,

$\text{R}_4$  individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen,  $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_4$ alkyl group or  $\text{C}_2\text{-C}_4$ alkenyl group, and

$\text{R}_5$  individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen or hydroxyl protected group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salts or hydrate thereof,

characterised in that

- a) ~~starting compounds~~ a compound of the formula 3 (~~scheme 1-~~)



~~are~~ is subjected to hydrolysis with strong acids, ~~preferably with 0,25-1,5 N hydrochloric acid~~, in a mixture of water and lower alcohols, ~~preferably methanol, ethanol or isopropanol~~, over 10-30 hours at room temperature yielding a

compounds of ~~general~~ formula (I), wherein R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl, R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are mutually the same and ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, R<sub>3</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl or ~~for a~~ group of the formula -OX, wherein X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkenyl group or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>alkyl group with at least one incorporated O, S or N atom or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Ar or X individually ~~stands for~~ represents (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-heterocycloalkyl, wherein (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents alkyl, wherein n is 1-10, with or without incorporated atom O, S or N, wherein Ar individually ~~stands for~~ represents 5-10-membered monocyclic or ~~bicyclic~~ bicyclic aromatic ring with 0-3 atom O, S or N, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-3 group, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, and heterocycloalkyl ~~stands for~~ represents unaromatic, partially or completely saturated 3-10-membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring system, ~~which includes 3-8 membered monocyclic or bicyclic ring, which includes or a 6-~~ 6-membered aromatic or heteroaromatic ring connected with a unaromatic ring with or without incorporated O, S or N atom, unsubstituted or substituted with 1-4 group, which are selected independently from halogen, OH, OMe, NO<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>2</sub>, amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl or amino-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>dialkyl, CN, SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>alkyl, -C(O)-, COOH and R<sub>4</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl group or C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkenyl group,

which ~~are~~ is then subjected to

- b) a selective acylation of the hydroxyl group at 2'-position, ~~preferably with acetyl group by acylation, preferably with a chlorides or anhydrides of a carboxylic acids with up to 4 carbon atoms, preferably with acetic acid anhydrides,~~ in the presence of inorganic or organic base, in a reaction-inert solvent at a temperature from 0-30°C, yielding ~~a~~ 2'-O-acyl derivatives of the ~~general~~ formula (I), wherein R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl, R<sub>2</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen, R<sub>3</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl or group of the formula -OX, R<sub>5</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents acetyl group and R<sub>4</sub> and X have the meanings defined in a)



which ~~are then optionally~~ is then optionally subjected to

- c1) a reaction with mixed anhydrides of carboxylic acids of the formula Y-COO-R', wherein Y ~~stands for~~ represents hydrogen or ~~stands for~~ represents group X, ~~which is defined above, wherein X is as defined in step a), wherein R' stands for~~ represents the a group which is usually used for preparation of mixed anhydrides as selected from pivaloyl-, p-toluensulphonyl-, isobutoxycarbonyl-, etoxycarbonyl- or and isopropoxycarbonyl-group, in the presence of inorganic or organic base, in a reaction-inert solvent, preferably methylene chloride at a temperature from 0-30°C for 3-100 hours yielding a compounds of the general formula (I), wherein R<sub>1</sub> stands for represents a the group group of the general formula (II) as defined above, R<sub>2</sub> stands for represents hydrogen, R<sub>3</sub> individually ~~stands for~~ represents hydroxyl or the group of the formula -OX, wherein R<sub>5</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents acetyl, and substituents R<sub>4</sub> and X ~~have the above meanings~~ are as defined in step a), which is then ~~Formed compounds are subsequently~~ subjected to deprotection with a lower alcohols, preferably in methanol, at a temperature from room temperature to the reflux temperature of the solvent, yielding a compound of the formula (I), wherein R<sub>5</sub> stands for represents hydrogen and R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and X have the ~~above meanings~~ as defined in c1);

~~or they are optionally subjected,~~

- c2) when R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents group of formula OX and the remaining ~~substituents~~ substituents have the meanings defined in b), a compound from step b) is subjected to oxidation of the hydroxyl group in the C-3 position of an aglycone ring ~~according to a modified Moffat-Pfitzner process with N,N-dimethylaminopropyl-3-ethyl-carbodiimide in the presence of dimethylsulfoxide and pyridinium trifluoroacetate as a catalyst in a inert organic solvent, preferably in methylene chloride, at a temperature from 10 °C to room temperature, yielding a compounds of the general formula (I), wherein R<sub>1</sub> together with R<sub>2</sub> stands for~~ represents ketone, R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents the a group of the formula -OX, R<sub>5</sub> stands for represents acetyl and ~~substituents~~ substituents R<sub>4</sub> and X have the

above meanings defined in step a), which is then Formed compounds are  
subsequently subjected to deprotection with a lower alcohols, preferably in  
methanol, at a temperature from room temperature to the reflux temperature of  
the solvent, yielding a compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>  
together represent ketone, wherein R<sub>5</sub> stands for represents hydrogen and all  
other ~~substituents~~ substituents have the above meanings as defined in c2);

~~or they are optionally subjected,~~

- c3) when R<sub>3</sub> stands for represents hydroxyl and the remaining ~~substituents~~  
substituents have the meanings defined in step b), the compound from step b) is  
subjected to oxidation described in step c) to obtain a 3,6-hemiketal compounds  
of the general formula (I) ~~from the step c2)~~, ~~where compounds with 3,6-hemiketal~~  
~~structure given by general formula (I),~~ wherein R<sub>1</sub> stands for represents hydroxyl,  
R<sub>2</sub> together with R<sub>3</sub> stands for forms an ether bond, R<sub>5</sub> stands for represents  
acetyl and R<sub>4</sub> has the above meanings, which is then Formed compounds are  
subsequently subjected to deprotection with a lower alcohols, preferably in  
methanol, at a temperature from room temperature to the reflux temperature of  
the solvent, yielding a compound of the general formula (I), wherein R<sub>5</sub> stands for  
represents hydrogen and all other ~~substituents~~ substituents have the above  
meanings defined in step c3);

~~or they are optionally subjected,~~

- c4) when R<sub>3</sub> stands for represents hydroxyl and the remaining ~~substituents~~  
substituents have the meanings defined in step b), to adequate reagents for  
dehydration preferably methylsulfonyl anhydride to transform hydroxyl group on  
the C-3 position 3 of a compound from step b) is transformed to a in good  
leaving group, using methylsulfonylchloride, in an inert organic solvent, ~~preferably~~  
~~in pyridine,~~ at a temperature from room temperature to the reflux temperature of  
the solvent for 10-50 hours, then to elimination using ~~Formed intermediate is~~  
~~subsequently subjected to reaction of elimination with adequate reagents~~  
~~preferably sodium hydride, in a inert organic solvent, preferably in~~

~~tetrahydrofuran~~, at a temperature from 10 °C to room temperature, yielding  
~~a~~ 3,6-cyclic ether compound of ~~the general~~ formula (I), wherein R<sub>1</sub> ~~stands for~~  
represents hydrogen, R<sub>2</sub> together with R<sub>3</sub> ~~stands for~~ represents ether, R<sub>5</sub> ~~stands~~  
~~for~~ represents acetyl and R<sub>4</sub> has the above meanings; which is then ~~Formed~~  
~~compounds are subsequently~~ subjected to deprotection with a lower alcohols,  
~~preferably in methanol~~, at a temperature from room temperature to the reflux  
temperature of the solvent, yielding a compound of ~~the general~~ formula (I),  
wherein R<sub>5</sub> stands for hydrogen and all other ~~substituents~~ substituents have the  
~~above~~ meanings as defined in C4).

49. (New) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

3-Decladinosyl-3-oxy-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-oxy-12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-oxy-12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate; and

2'-O-Acetyl-3-decladinosyl-3-oxy-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

50. (New) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-nitrophenyl)acyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-aminophenyl)acyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-fluorophenyl)acyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-methoxyphenyl)acyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(benzyl)acyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(pyridyltio)acyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate,

3-Decladinosyl-3-O-acetyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;  
3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-nitrophenyl)acyl-12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;  
3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-aminophenyl)acyl-12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;  
3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-nitrophenyl)acyl-12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate; and  
3-Decladinosyl-3-O-(4-aminophenyl)acyl-12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate.

51. (New) A compound selected from the group consisting of:

3-Decladinosyl-3,6-cyclic ether 9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;  
3-Decladinosyl-3,6-cyclic ether 12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate; and  
3-Decladinosyl-3,6-cyclic ether 12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate.

52. (New) A compound according selected from the group consisting of:

3-Decladinosyl-3,6-hemiketal 9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;  
3-Decladinosyl-3,6-hemiketal 12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate; and  
3-Decladinosyl-3,6-hemiketal 12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate.

53. (New) A compound according selected from the group consisting of:

2'-O-Acetyl-3-decladinosyl-3-oxy-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;  
2'-O-Acetyl-3-decladinosyl-3-oxy-12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerithromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

2'-O-Acetyl ~~Acetyl~~-3-decladinosyl-3-oxy-12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate.

2'-O-Acetyl-3-decladinosyl-3,6-hemiketal 9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate;

2'-O-Acetyl-3-decladinosyl-3,6-hemiketal 12-O-methyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate; and

2'-O-Acetyl-3-decladinosyl-3,6-hemiketal 12-O-ethyl-9-deoxo-9-dihydro-9a-aza-9a-homoerythromycin A 9a,11-cyclic carbamate.